Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder And Cardiovascular Diseases: A Cohort Study Of Men And Women Involved In Cleaning The Debris Of The World Trade Center Complex.

	Item No	Recommendation	
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or	p. 1-2
		the abstract	1
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what	p.2
		was done and what was found	
Introduction			
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being	p.3
		reported	
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	p.3
Methods			
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	p. 4-8
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of	p.4, Figure 5
		recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection	
Participants	6	(a) Cohort study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and	p. 4, l.12
		methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up	
		(b) Cohort study—For matched studies, give matching criteria and number	NA
		of exposed and unexposed	
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders,	p. 5-8
		and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable	
Data sources/	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods	p. 5, 7
measurement		of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment	
		methods if there is more than one group	
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	p. 7, 17-10. 21
			p. 14, l. 1-22
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	Figure 5
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If	p. 5, l. 1-16
		applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why	
Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for	p. 7-8
		confounding	
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	p. 8, l. 12-16
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	Negligible
		(d) Cohort study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was	p. 8, l. 19-22
		addressed	
		(\underline{e}) Describe any sensitivity analyses	p. 7, l. 14-16
Continued on next page			

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Results			
Participants 13		(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible,	Figure 5
		examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and	
		analysed	
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage	Figure 5
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram	Figure 5
Descriptive	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information	Table 1
data		on exposures and potential confounders	
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest	Table 1
		(c) Cohort study—Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)	Figures 2,
			S1-4
Outcome data	15*	Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time	Figures 1-4
			and S's
		Case-control study—Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of	NA
		exposure	
		Cross-sectional study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures	NA
Main results	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their	Figures 3-
		precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and	4 and S's
		why they were included	
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized	Table 1
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful	NA
		time period	
Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity	See above
		analyses	
Discussion			
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	p. 12, 1. 2-6
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision.	p. 13-14
		Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	
Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity	p. 15-16
		of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence	
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	p. 12, l. 12-
•			19
Other information	on		
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable,	p.17, l. 1-5
- G	-	for the original study on which the present article is based	r · · · , 0

^{*}Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at www.strobe-statement.org.